# WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK

# AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 INCLUDING REPORTS ON FEDERAL AWARDS AND EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

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### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Wallkill Central School District Wallkill, New York

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund of the Wallkill Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Wallkill Central School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Wallkill Central School District

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund of the Wallkill Central School District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information on pages 4 through 16 and 71 through 75 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Wallkill Central School District's basic financial statements. The supplemental schedules on pages 76 through 78 are required by the New York State Education Department and are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles* and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental schedules on pages 76 through 78 and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental schedules on pages 76 through 78 and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Wallkill Central School District

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#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 9, 2019 on our consideration of the Wallkill Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Wallkill Central School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Wallkill Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mugent + Houseler, P.C.

Montgomery, New York October 9, 2019

### **Management Discussion and Analysis**

### **Introductory Section**

The following is a discussion and analysis of Wallkill Central School District's financial performance for the year ended June 30, 2019. The section is a summary of the Wallkill Central School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the district-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

# **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

- In May, District residents approved the proposed 2019-2020 budget in the amount of \$76,524,146. The District submitted a budget within the tax levy limit, therefore, requiring simple majority of voters for approval. The District is estimated to receive \$29,585,172 in State Aid for the 2019-2020 school year. The District will be using \$1,950,000 in fund balance and \$1,036,000 in reserves to balance the budget.
- All three (3) bargaining units are under contract. The Administrators and CSEA (non-instructional) contracts have terms that run through June 30,2023. The Teachers Association has a term that runs through June 30, 2021.
- The District used fund balance to add \$250,000 to the Liability Reserve Fund, \$1,000,000 to the Capital Reserve, \$47,034 to the Tax Certiorari Reserve, \$513,574 to the Retirement Contribution Reserve and \$540,000 to the Retirement Contribution Reserve TRS Sub Fund. These additional monies will assist with the funding of future budgets. The District has established a plan for the use of the reserves.
- On February 3, 2015 the voters approved an \$8,209,340 capital project to upgrade facilities throughout the District. The project scope focused on three main areas: athletic field upgrades, some general facility upgrades, including auditorium upgrades at the middle and high school and generators at all school buildings, and security upgrades, including the installation of high tech security cameras and the installation of security film on exterior doors and first floor windows, at each of the school buildings. Due to management of the capital project and limited change orders the District submitted a Phase 2 scope to SED and received approval for additional work which has been completed except for the bathroom facility. Final cost reports for the entire project have been submitted to SED as all work has been completed.

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

### **Overview of the Financial**

This annual report consists of three parts: MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *district-wide* financial statements that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the district-wide statements. The fund financial statements concentrate on the District's significant funds.
- The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Fiduciary funds* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a *trustee* or *agent* for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by sections of required supplementary information and supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year among other schedules.

The following table summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of MD&A highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Major	Features of the District-Wide and		
		Fund Financ	ial Statements
	District-Wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	<ul><li>Statement of Net Position</li><li>Statement of Activities</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Balance Sheet</li> <li>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Statement of Fiduciary Net Position</li> <li>Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position</li> </ul>
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources/liability/ deferred inflows of resources information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due or available during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets, deferred outflows of resources (if any), liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (if any) both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/out flow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

### **District-Wide Financial Statements**

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as *Governmental activities*: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finance most of these activities.

## **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debt) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants).

The District has two types of funds:

- Governmental Funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information disclosed in Note 2 explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary Funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

# Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Beginning of year net position was decreased by \$5,687,645 from (\$78,842,901) to (\$84,530,546). The District's net position at June 30, 2019 is (\$84,530,546). The following table provides a summary of the District's net position: <u>Summary of Net Position</u>

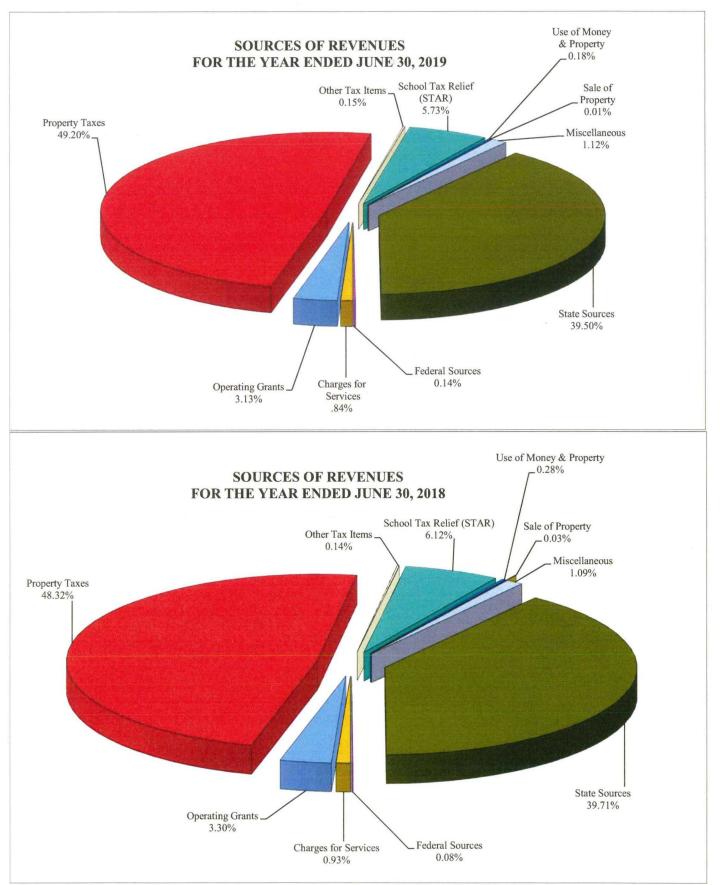
	School District Activities								
			Increase/						
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	(Decrease)	% Change					
Current Assets	\$ 33,792,463	\$ 32,513,679	\$ 1,278,784	3.93%					
Non Current Assets	43,937,167	42,974,501	962,666	2.24%					
Total Assets	77,729,630	75,488,180	2,241,450	2.97%					
Deferred Outflows of Resources	49,346,243	18,967,117	30,379,126	160.17%					
Current Liabilities	4,433,790	3,927,364	506,426	12.89%					
Long-Term Liabilities	197,655,850	157,991,134	39,664,716	25.11%					
Total Liabilities	202,089,640	161,918,498	40,171,142	24.81%					
Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,516,779	11,379,700	(1,862,921)	-16.37%					
Net Position:									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	25,650,096	24,808,681	841,415	3.39%					
Restricted	26,877,651	24,560,726	2,316,925	9.43%					
Unrestricted	(137,058,293)	(128,212,308)	(8,845,985)	-6.90%					
Total Net Position	\$ (84,530,546)	\$ (78,842,901)	\$ (5,687,645)	-7.21%					

The following table and supporting graphs provides a summary of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

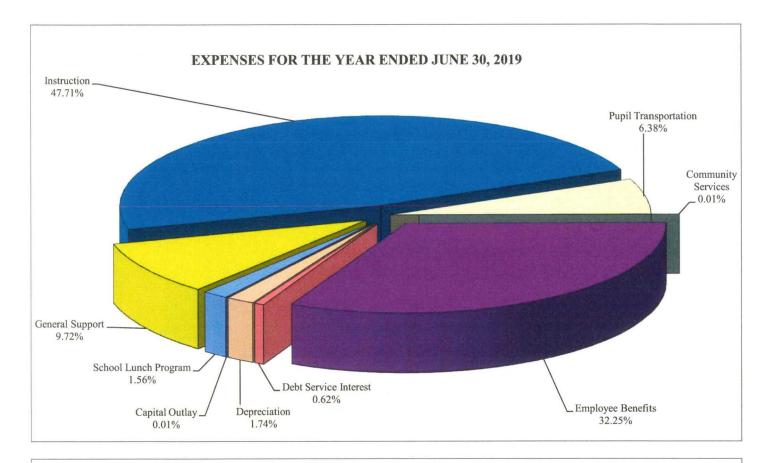
#### WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

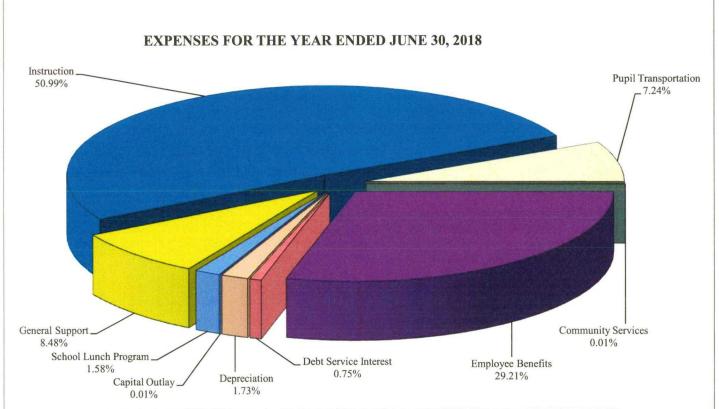
REVENUES	FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019	%	FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018	%	\$ Change	% Change
PROGRAM REVENUES:						
Charges for Services	\$ 639,378	0.84%	\$ 694,631	0.93%	\$ (55,253)	-7.95%
Operating Grants	2,386,353	3.13%	2,466,838	3.30%	(80,485)	-3.26%
GENERAL REVENUES:						
Property Taxes	37,489,944	49.20%	36,152,065	48.32%	1,337,879	3.70%
Other Tax Items	115,581	0.15%	108,014	0.14%	7,567	7.01%
School Tax Relief (STAR)	4,369,869	5.73%	4,579,325	6.12%	(209,456)	-4.57%
Use of Money & Property	138,452	0.18%	206,806	0.28%	(68,354)	-33.05%
Sale of Property	6,144	0.01%	23,472	0.03%	(17,328)	-73.82%
Miscellaneous	856,267	1.12%	812,408	1.09%	43,859	5.40%
State Sources	30,101,612	39.50%	29,710,564	39.71%	391,048	1.32%
Federal Sources	107,084	0.14%	56,522	0.08%	50,562	89.46%
TOTAL REVENUES	76,210,684	100.00%	74,810,645	100.00%	1,400,039	
EXPENSES						
General Support	7,961,820	9.72%	6,328,336	8.48%	1,633,484	25.81%
Instruction	39,077,170	47.71%	38,054,305	50.99%	1,022,865	2.69%
Pupil Transportation	5,223,939	6.38%	5,403,848	7.24%	(179,909)	-3.33%
Community Services	5,000	0.01%	5,000	0.01%	0	0.00%
Employee Benefits	26,413,292	32.25%	21,799,528	29.21%	4,613,764	21.16%
Debt Service Interest	506,083	0.62%	556,968	0.75%	(50,885)	-9.14%
Depreciation	1,427,084	1.74%	1,294,150	1.73%	132,934	10.27%
Capital Outlay	9,829	0.01%	4,419	0.01%	5,410	122.43%
School Lunch Program	1,274,112	1.56%	1,176,893	1.58%	97,219	8.26%
TOTAL EXPENSES	81,898,329	100.00%	74,623,447	100.00%	7,274,882	9.75%
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	\$ (5,687,645)		\$ 187,198		\$ (5,874,843)	

# WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK



# WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK

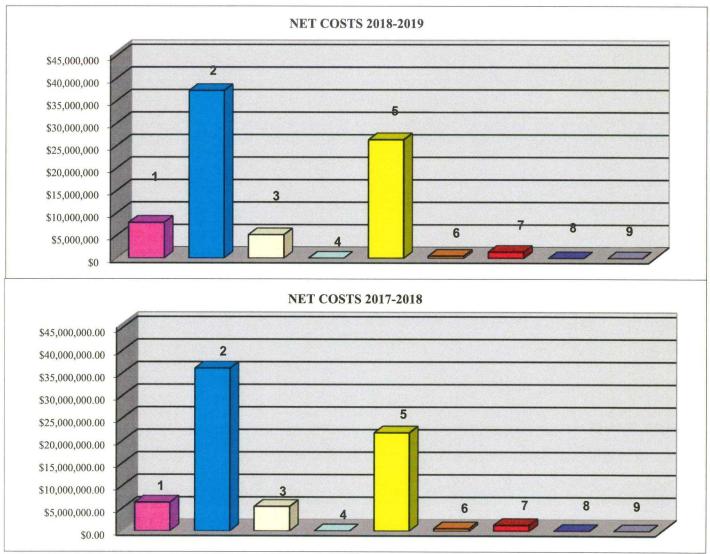




# WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES NET COSTS

		OF	OTAL COST SERVICES 2018-2019	NET COST OF SERVICES 2018-2019		OI	DTAL COST F SERVICES 2017-2018	OI	NET COST F SERVICES 2017-2018
General Support	1	\$	7,961,820	\$	7,961,820	\$	6,328,336	\$	6,328,336
Instruction	2		39,077,170		37,285,792		38,054,305		36,059,705
Pupil Transportation	3		5,223,939		5,223,939		5,403,848		5,403,848
Community Services	4		5,000		5,000		5,000		5,000
Employee Benefits	5		26,413,292		26,413,292		21,799,528		21,799,528
Debt Service - Interest	6		506,083		506,083		556,968		556,968
Depreciation	7		1,427,084		1,427,084		1,294,150		1,294,150
Capital Outlay	8		9,829		9,829		4,419		4,419
School Lunch Program	9		1,274,112		39,759		1,176,893		10,024
		\$	81,898,329	\$	78,872,598	\$	74,623,447	\$	71,461,978

The following information is provided to disclose the net cost of governmental activities:



# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

### **Financial Analysis of the District's Funds**

As discussed, the District's governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a modified accrual basis that uses a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financial requirements. The major governmental funds of the District consist of the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. The total fund balances allocated between nonspendable, restricted, assigned, and unassigned fund balance for each of these funds is as follows:

	Nonspendable	Restricted	Assigned	Unassigned	Total
General	\$ 0	23,146,336	\$ 2,364,941	\$ 3,060,967	\$ 28,572,244
Special Aid	0	16,936	0	0	16,936
School Lunch	7,017	530,694	0	0	537,711
Capital Projects	0	0	0	(12)	(12)
Debt Service	0	178,182	0	0	178,182
	\$ 7,017	\$ 23,872,148	\$ 2,364,941	\$ 3,060,955	\$ 29,305,061
			June 30, 2018		
	Nonspendable	Restricted	Assigned	Unassigned	Total
General	\$ 0	\$ 21,899,786	\$ 2,232,160	\$ 3,003,924	\$ 27,135,870
Special Aid	0	16,936	0	0	16,936
School Lunch	12,925	570,760	0	0	583,685
Capital Projects	0	496,849	0	0	496,849
Debt Service	0	292,866	0	0	292,866
	\$ 12,925	\$ 23,277,197	\$ 2,232,160	\$ 3,003,924	\$ 28,526,206

# General Fund Budgetary Highlights

In the General Fund for the year, ended June 30, 2019, actual revenues were greater than revised budgeted revenues by \$1,255,512 or 1.74 % primarily due to a significant amount of miscellaneous sources from refunds of prior years' expenses of \$551,267 and \$551,612 from state sources. Actual expenditures and encumbrances were less than the revised budgeted expenditures by \$3,034,081 (4.02%). Costs within various budget codes were less than budgeted amounts in particular; the areas of Employee Benefits were less than budgeted by \$1,441,144, Pupil Transportation was less than budgeted by \$556,759, Teaching – Regular Schools was less than budgeted by \$232,976, Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions was less than budgeted by \$340,763, Instruction was less than budgeted by \$162,034, and Pupil Services was less than budgeted by \$217,608.

For year 2019-2020, the District has appropriated \$1,950,000 of fund balance to reduce the tax levy.

Factors that continue to affect the budget process are as follows:

- New York State Aid revenues are being impacted due to statewide budget constraints.
- Employee Costs and Benefits, such as, teachers and employees retirement continue to rise.
- Changes in legislation regarding school finance.
- Impending changes in educational standards.
- Energy costs that are significantly being increased.

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Management believes that the budget adopted for 2018-2019 is reasonably adaptable to any adverse changes that may arise based on the above factors.

Effective for the 2012-2013 year, the New York State Legislature enacted legislation, Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 that establishes a "property tax cap" on the amount that a school district's property tax levy can increase each year. This legislation specifies that property taxes levied by a school district generally cannot increase by more than two percent, or the rate of inflation, whichever is less. The law does allow school districts to levy an additional amount for certain excludable expenditures. School districts can adopt a tax levy that exceeds the statutory limit, if the budget that is presented to the public is approved by sixty percent of the votes cast.

# Other Fund Highlights

The Special Aid Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$16,936. The revenues of this fund are expenditure driven meaning that the District receives funds based on the amount of expenditures for each grant. The District is responsible for paying 20% of the expenditures of the Summer Handicap program and as such transferred \$243,062 from the General Fund budgeted amounts to the Special Aid Fund to cover these costs for the current year.

The School Lunch Program Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$537,711. The expenditures exceeded revenues by \$45,974. The District contracted Whitsons Culinary Group to provide the lunch services for year 2018-2019.

The Capital Projects Fund ended the year with a fund balance of (\$12). Cumulative expenses for open projects paid through June 30, 2019 totaled \$3,144,763. Expenses relate to the District Reconstruction capital projects Phase I & II and the Smart Schools Bond Act.

The Debt Service Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$178,182. This fund balance will be appropriated in future years to offset principal and interest payments.

# Capital Asset and Debt Administration

# Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, as of June 30, 2019 was \$40,931,664. The total decrease in this net investment was 1.82% for the District as a whole (see schedule on page 15). The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2018, was \$41,690,972. The District expended \$667,775 to acquire and construct capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2019 and depreciation expense for the year was \$1,427,084.

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

# Capital Assets (Continued)

# CAPITAL ASSETS Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	School District Activities								
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	% Change						
Non-Depreciable Assets:									
Land	\$ 690,060	\$ 690,060	0.00%						
Construction in Progress	0	606,855	-100.00%						
Depreciable Assets:									
Land Improvements	140,812	160,038	-12.01%						
Building and Improvements	38,718,620	38,653,805	0.17%						
Furniture and Equipment	1,272,604	1,469,478	-13.40%						
Vehicles	109,568	110,736	-1.05%						
TOTALS	\$40,931,664	\$41,690,972	-1.82%						

### Long-Term Debt

At the end of the year, the District had total bonded and installment purchase debt outstanding of \$15,281,513. This amount is backed by the full faith and credit of the Wallkill Central School District with debt service fully funded by voter approved property taxes. Activity in bonded debt outstanding during the year was as follows:

Beginning Balance		Issued			Paid	Ending Balance		
\$	5,310,000	\$	0	\$	755,000	\$	4,555,000	
75,000				75,000			0	
	6,769,340	0 884,2		884,340		5,885,000		
5,209,605			0	368,092			4,841,513	
\$	17,363,945	\$	0	\$	2,082,432	\$	15,281,513	
	Begi \$ \$	\$ 5,310,000 75,000 6,769,340 5,209,605	\$ 5,310,000 \$ 75,000 6,769,340 5,209,605	\$         5,310,000         \$         0           75,000         0         0         6,769,340         0           5,209,605         0         0         0         0	\$       5,310,000       \$       0       \$         75,000       0       0       6,769,340       0         5,209,605       0       0       0	\$         5,310,000         \$         0         \$         755,000           75,000         0         75,000         0         75,000           6,769,340         0         884,340         368,092           5,209,605         0         368,092	\$       5,310,000       \$       0       \$       755,000       \$         75,000       0       75,000       0       75,000       \$         6,769,340       0       884,340       \$       \$         5,209,605       0       368,092       \$	

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

# Bond Ratings

Standard & Poor's has assigned a rating of AA to outstanding uninsured bonds of the District. This rating reflects only the view of such rating agency and an explanation of the significance of such rating should be obtained from Moody's Investors Service. There can be no assurance that such rating will not be revised or withdrawn, if in the judgment of Moody's circumstances so warrant. Any change or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Notes or the availability of a secondary market for the Notes.

# Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Brian Devincenzi, Assistant Superintendent for Support Services, at the District's business offices at 19 Main Street Wallkill, NY 12589.

#### WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS	
Unrestricted Cash	\$ 6,016,667
Restricted Cash	23,872,148
State & Federal Aid Receivable	3,314,383
Due from Fiduciary Funds	545,874
Other Receivables, Net	36,374
Inventories	7,017
TRS Net Pension Asset, Proportionate Share	3,005,503
Non Depreciable Capital Assets	690,060
Capital Assets, Net	40,241,604
TOTAL ASSETS	77,729,630
101/1E ABE 10	11,129,030
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pensions	16,780,349
Other Postemployment Benefits	32,565,894
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	49,346,243
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	736,057
Accrued Liabilities	338,413
Bond Interest on Matured Bonds	16,177
Due to Other Governments	57
Due to Fiduciary Funds	5,392
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	3,091,726
Due to Employees' Retirement System	220,455
Unearned Revenues	25,513
Long-term Liabilities:	
Due and Payable Within One Year:	
Bonds Payable	1,680,000
Installment Purchase Debt	378,957
Compensated Absences	73,416
Due and Payable In More Than One Year:	
Bonds Payable	8,760,000
Installment Purchase Debt	4,462,556
Compensated Absences	1,660,455
ERS Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share	1,123,771
Other Postemployment Benefits	179,516,695
TOTAL LIABILITIES	202,089,640
	202,007,010
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pensions	4,188,828
Other Postemployment Benefits	5,327,951
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	9,516,779
NET POSITION	25 ( 50 001
Net Investment in Capital Assets	25,650,096
Restricted	26,877,651
Unassigned ( Deficit)	(137,058,293)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (84,530,546)

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# WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		 PROGRAM	REV	ENUES		
FUNCTIONS & PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES		PERATING GRANTS	R CI	Γ (EXPENSE) EVENUE & HANGES IN T POSITION
General Support Instruction Pupil Transportation Community Services Debt Service - Interest Capital Outlay School Lunch Program	\$ (10,222,767) (60,682,360) (7,954,930) (5,000) (506,083) (9,829) (2,517,360)	\$ 0 77,954 0 0 0 0 561,424	\$	0 1,713,424 0 0 0 0 672,929	\$	(10,222,767) (58,890,982) (7,954,930) (5,000) (506,083) (9,829) (1,283,007)
TOTAL FUNCTIONS & PROGRAMS	\$ (81,898,329)	\$ 639,378	\$	2,386,353		(78,872,598)
Real Property Taxes Other Tax Items Use of Money & Property Sale of Property & Compensatio Miscellaneous State Sources Federal Sources	n for Loss					37,489,944 4,485,450 138,452 6,144 856,267 30,101,612 107,084
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUE	S					73,184,953
CHANGE IN NET POSITION						(5,687,645)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF Y	<b>ZEAR</b>					(78,842,901)
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR					\$	(84,530,546)

#### WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS	(	GENERAL	S	PECIAL AID	CHOOL LUNCH	APITAL ROJECTS	DEBT ERVICE	GO	TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
Unrestricted Cash	\$	5,667,755	\$	220,236	\$ 56,973	\$ 71,703	\$ 0	\$	6,016,667
Restricted Cash		23,146,515		16,936	530,694	0	178,003		23,872,148
State & Federal Aid Receivable		2,037,869		671,375	49,454	555,685	0		3,314,383
Due from Other Funds		2,041,729		0	10,611	0	179		2,052,519
Other Receivables, Net		36,374		0	0	0	0		36,374
Inventories	-	0		0	 7,017	 0	 0		7,017
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	32,930,242	\$	908,547	\$ 654,749	\$ 627,388	\$ 178,182	\$	35,299,108
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$	637,615	\$	0	\$ 98,442	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	736,057
Accrued Liabilities		318,609		0	0	0	0		318,609
Bond Interest on Matured Bonds		16,177		0	0	0	0		16,177
Due to Other Governments		0		0	57	0	0		57
Due to Other Funds		0		884,637	0	627,400	0		1,512,037
Due to Teachers' Retirement System		3,091,726		0	0	0	0		3,091,726
Due to Employees' Retirement System		220,455		0	0	0	0		220,455
Unearned Revenues		0		6,974	18,539	0	0		25,513
Compensated Absences Payable		73,416		0	0	0	0		73,416
TOTAL LIABILITIES		4,357,998		891,611	 117,038	 627,400	 0		5,994,047
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable		0		0	7,017	0	0		7,017
Restricted		23,146,336		16,936	530,694	0	178,182		23,872,148
Assigned		2,364,941		0	0	0	0		2,364,941
Unassigned		3,060,967		0	0	(12)	0		3,060,955
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		28,572,244		16,936	537,711	(12)	178,182		29,305,061
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES	\$	32,930,242	\$	908,547	\$ 654,749	\$ 627,388	\$ 178,182	\$	35,299,108

#### WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		LONG-TERM ASSETS & LIABILITIES	SSIFICATIONS MINATIONS	NE	TEMENT OF T POSITION TOTALS
ASSETS						
Unrestricted Cash Restricted Cash	\$	6,016,667 23,872,148	\$ 0 0	\$ 0 0	\$	6,016,667 23,872,148
State & Federal Aid Receivable Due from Other Funds		3,314,383 2,052,519	0	0 (2,052,519)		3,314,383 0
Due from Fiduciary Funds		0 36,374	0	545,874 0		545,874 36,374
Other Receivables, Net Inventories		7,017	0	0		7,017
TRS Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share		0	3,005,503	0		3,005,503
Non Depreciable Capital Assets		0	690,060	0		690,060
Capital Assets, Net		0	40,241,604	 0		40,241,604
TOTAL ASSETS		35,299,108	43,937,167	 (1,506,645)		77,729,630
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		0	16,780,349	0		16,780,349
Pensions Other Postemployment Benefits		0	32,565,894	0		32,565,894
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		0	49,346,243	0		49,346,243
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	35,299,108	\$ 93,283,410	\$ (1,506,645)	\$	127,075,873
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES & FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	736,057	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	736,057
Accrued Liabilities		318,609	19,804	0		338,413
Bond Interest on Matured Bonds		16,177	0	0		16,177
Due to Other Governments		57	0	0		57
Due to Other Funds		1,512,037	0	(1,512,037)		0
Due to Fiduciary Funds		0	0	5,392		5,392
Due to Teachers' Retirement System		3,091,726	0	0		3,091,726
Due to Employees' Retirement System		220,455	0	0		220,455
Bonds Payable		0	10,440,000	0		10,440,000
Installment Purchase Debt		73,416	4,841,513 1,660,455	0		4,841,513 1,733,871
Compensated Absences Unearned Revenues		25,513	1,000,435	0		25,513
ERS Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share		25,515	1,123,771	0		1,123,771
Other Postemployment Benefits		0	179,516,695	 0		179,516,695
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,994,047	197,602,238	(1,506,645)		202,089,640
DEFERRED INFLOWS OR RESOURCES						
Pensions		0	4,188,828	0		4,188,828
Other Postemployment Benefits		0	5,327,951	 0		5,327,951
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		5,994,047	207,119,017	(1,506,645)		211,606,419
FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION		29,305,061	(113,835,607)	 0		(84,530,546)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES & FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION	\$	35,299,108	\$ 93,283,410	\$ (1,506,645)	\$	127,075,873

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#### WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES & CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		GENERAL		SPECIAL AID		SCHOOL LUNCH		APITAL ROJECTS		EBT RVICE	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
<u>REVENUES</u> Real Property Taxes	\$	37,489,944	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	S	0	\$	37,489,944
Other Tax Items	Ъ	4,485,450	Ф	0	Φ	0	Ф	0	Ф	0	Φ	4,485,450
Charges for Services		4,483,430		0		0		0		0		77,954
Use of Money & Property		138,136		0		0		0		316		138.452
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss		6,144		0		0		0		0		6,144
Miscellaneous		856,267		0		0		0		0		856.267
State Sources		30,101,612		350.827		23,806		0		0		30,476,245
Federal Sources		107,084		1,362,597		649,123		0		0		2,118,804
Sales		107,084		1,302,397		561,424		0		0		561.424
TOTAL REVENUES		73,262,591		1,713,424		1,234,353		0		316		76,210,684
EXPENDITURES												
General Support		6,718,572		1,243,248		0		0		0		7,961,820
Instruction		38,548,843		566.565		0		0		0		39,115,408
Pupil Transportation		5,077,266		146,673		0		0		0		5,223,939
Community Services		5,000		0		0		0		0		5,000
Employee Benefits		18,568,161		0		0		0		0		18,568,161
Debt Service:												
Principal		2,082,433		0		0		0		0		2.082,433
Interest		523,351		0		0		0		0		523,351
Cost of Sales		0		0		1,274,112		0		0		1,274,112
Capital Outlay		163,918		0		16,826		496,861		0		677,605
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		71,687,544		1,956,486		1,290,938		496,861		0		75,431,829
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		1,575,047		(243,062)		(56,585)		(496,861)		316		778,855
OTHER SOURCES & USES												
Operating Transfers In		115,000		243,062		10,611		0		0		368,673
Operating Transfers (Out)		(253,673)		0		0		0	(	115,000)		(368,673)
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES & USES		(138,673)		243,062		10,611		0	(	115,000)		0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1,436,374		0		(45,974)		(496,861)	(	114,684)		778,855
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		27,135,870		16,936		583,685		496,849		292,866		28,526,206
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$	28,572,244	\$	16,936	\$	537,711	\$	(12)	\$	178,182	\$	29,305,061

See notes to financial statement.

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SCHEDULE #6

#### WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		LONG-TERM REVENUE & EXPENSES	CAPITAL RELATED ITEMS	LONG-TERM DEBT TRANSACTIONS	RECLASSIFICATIONS & ELIMINATIONS	STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	
REVENUES	¢	27 400 044	¢ 0	¢ 0	ф. О	¢	¢ 27.400.044	
Real Property Taxes	\$	37,489,944	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 37,489,944	
Other Tax Items		4,485,450	0	0	0	0	4,485,450	
Charges for Services		77,954	0	0	0	0	77,954	
Use of Money & Property		138,452	0	0	0	0	138,452	
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss		6,144	0	0	0	0	6,144	
Miscellaneous		856,267	0	0	0	0	856,267	
State Sources		30,476,245	0	0	0	0	30,476,245	
Federal Sources		2,118,804	0	0	0	0	2,118,804	
Sales		561,424	0	0	0	0	561,424	
TOTAL REVENUES		76,210,684	0	0	0	0	76.210.684	
EXPENDITURES								
General Support		7,961,820	0	28,542	0	2,232,405	10.222,767	
Instruction		39,115,408	(38,238)	1,370,000	0	20,235,190	60,682,360	
Pupil Transportation		5,223,939	0	28,542	0	2,702,449	7,954,930	
Community Services		5,000	0	0	0	0	5,000	
Employee Benefits		18,568,161	7,845,131	0	0	(26,413,292)	()	
Debt Service:								
Principal		2,082,433	0	0	(2,082,433)	0	0	
Interest		523,351	(2,007)	0	(15,261)	0	506,083	
Cost of Sales		1,274,112	0	0	0	1,243,248	2,517,360	
Capital Outlay		677,605	0	(667,776)	0	0	9,829	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		75,431,829	7,804,886	759,308	(2,097,694)	0	81,898,329	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		778,855	(7,804,886)	(759,308)	2,097,694	0	(5,687,645)	
OTHER SOURCES & USES								
Operating Transfers In		368,673	0	0	0	(368.673)	0	
Operating Transfers (Out)		(368,673)	0	0	0	368,673	0	
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES & USES		0	0	0	0	0	0	
NET CHANGE FOR THE YEAR	\$	778,855	\$ (7,804,886)	\$ (759,308)	\$ 2,097,694	\$ 0	\$ (5.687,645)	

# WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Р	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUSTS	A	GENCY
ASSETS				
Cash Due from Other Funds	\$	1,912,140 346	\$	758,727 5,046
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,912,486	\$	763,773
LIABILITIES & NET POSITION				
LIABILITIES				
Due to Other Funds Extraclassroom Activity Balances Other Liabilities	\$	0 0 0	\$	545,874 193,050 24,849
TOTAL LIABILITIES		0	\$	763,773
NET POSITION				
Restricted for Scholarships		1,912,486		
TOTAL LIABILITIES & NET POSITION	\$	1,912,486		

# <u>WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT</u> <u>WALLKILL, NEW YORK</u> <u>STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION</u> <u>FIDUCIARY FUNDS</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019</u>

	PRIVATE
	PURPOSE
	TRUSTS
ADDITIONS	
Gifts and Contributions	\$ 1,044,989
Investment Earnings	1,947
TOTAL ADDITIONS	1,046,936
DEDUCTIONS	
Scholarships & Awards	2,500
Other Expenses	25
	0.505
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	2,525
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,044,411
CHANGE IN NET I OSTHON	1,044,411
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	868,075
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,912,486

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

The financial statements of the Wallkill Central School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Where comparative amounts are presented, certain reclassifications may have been made to the prior year amounts so that they would be in conformity with the current year's presentation. Significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

#### A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Wallkill Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of 9 members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, <u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>, as amended by GASB Statement 39, <u>Component Units</u>. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

#### 1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds have been included in this report. The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in an agency fund.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

#### B. Joint Venture

The District is a component district in the Ulster Board of Cooperative Education Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs, which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n (a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Wallkill Central School District was billed \$7,761,163 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$2,213,359. Financial statements for BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office at 175 Route 32 North New Paltz, NY 12561.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

1. District-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at June 30, 2019. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended in those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

#### 2. Funds Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: These funds account for the proceeds of the specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special revenue funds include the following:

<u>Special Aid Fund</u>: Used to account for proceeds received from State and Federal grants that are restricted for specific educational programs.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the school lunch operations. The school lunch operation is supported by federal and state grants and charges participants for its services.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

The District reports the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u>: Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used.

There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

<u>Private purpose trust funds</u>: These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

<u>Agency funds</u>: These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days after the end of the year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

### E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1<sup>st</sup> and became a lien on August 23<sup>rd</sup>. Taxes were collected by the District during the period September 1, 2018 through November 3, 2018.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the Ulster & Orange Counties, which are the counties the District is located in. The Counties pay an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the Counties for enforcement, to the District no later than the following April 1.

#### F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

### G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 8 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

#### H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, other post-employment benefits, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

#### I. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDICinsured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of The United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

#### J. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

#### K. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value, which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the district-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed. There were no prepaid items at June 30, 2019.

#### L. Other Assets/Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds from serial bonds and bond anticipation notes, as well as resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets in the district-wide financial statements and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

#### M. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at cost for acquisitions subsequent to June 30, 2002. For assets acquired prior to June 30, 2002, estimated historical costs, based on an independent third-party appraisal were used. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Land and construction-in-process are not depreciated. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold		Depreciation	Estimated
			Method	Useful Life
Land Improvements	\$	1,500	Straight Line	50 years
Buildings and Improvements		1,500	Straight Line	20-50 years
Furniture and Equipment		1,500	Straight Line	5-20 years
Vehicles		1,500	Straight Line	5-20 years

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

### N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first deferred outflow is related to pensions reported in the Statement of Net Position. For additional information on these deferred outflows related to pensions, See Note 7. The second deferred outflow is related to other postemployment benefits reported in the Statement of Net Position. For additional information on these deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits reported in the Statement of Net Position. For additional information on these deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits, see Note 9.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The District reports deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position related to pensions reported in the district-wide statements. For additional information on deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits reports deferred in the district-wide statements. For additional information on deferred. For additional information on deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits reported in the district-wide statements. For additional information on deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits reported in the district-wide statements. For additional information on deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits reported in the district-wide statements. For additional information on deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits reported in the district-wide statements. For

#### O. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenues are reported when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when the District receives resources before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenues is removed and revenues are recorded.

#### P. Vested Employee Benefits

#### 1. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical/personal time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

- P. Vested Employee Benefits (Continued)
  - 1. Compensated Absences (Continued)

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken in varying time periods. Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the funds statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.

2. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

#### Q. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RAN's and TAN's represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

### Q. <u>Short-Term Debt</u> (Continued)

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BAN's issued for capital purposes are converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenues being less than the amount estimated in the budget for that year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the year following the year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of the second year after the year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the year following the year in which they were issued.

### R. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

#### S. Equity Classifications

#### 1. District-wide Statements

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net invested in capital assets - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - reports all other net position that do not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

#### S. Equity Classifications (Continued)

#### 2. Funds Statements

In the fund statements there are five classifications of fund balances:

<u>Non-spendable</u> – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-spendable fund balance includes the inventory recorded in the School Lunch Fund of \$7,017.

<u>Restricted</u> – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

#### Reserve for Debt Service

According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Mandatory Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of sale. The funding of the reserve is from the proceeds of the sale of District property or capital improvement. The reserve is accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

#### Repair Reserve

According to General Municipal Law §6-d, must be used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, which repairs are of a type not recurring annually. The Board of Education without voter approval may establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (Opinion of the New York State Comptroller 81-401). Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent years. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

### **Retirement Contributions**

According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used for financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

#### S. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Funds Statements (Continued)

## Retirement Contribution Reserve - TRS Sub Fund

According to amendments to General Municipal Law §6-r, this reserve must be used to finance retirement contributions to the New York State Teachers Retirement System ("TRS") and/or offset all or some of the amount deducted from the moneys apportioned to the District from the state under Education Law §521. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund. The amount of moneys contributed to the TRS Sub-fund annually cannot exceed 2% of the total salaries of all teachers employed by the District paid during the previous fiscal year. In addition, the total balance of the TRS Sub-fund cannot exceed10% of the total salaries of all teachers employed by the District paid during the previous fiscal year.

## Tax Certiorari Reserve

According to Education Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount that might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth year after deposit of these monies. The reserve is accounted for in the General fund.

#### Unemployment Insurance

According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### Liability Claims and Property Loss

According to Education Law §1709(8) (c), must be used to pay for liability claims and property loss incurred. Separate funds for liability claims and property loss are required, and these reserves may not in total exceed 3% of the annual budget or \$15,000, whichever is greater.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

#### S. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Funds Statements (Continued)

#### Workers' Compensation

According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding year's budget. The reserve is accounted for in the General fund.

#### Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve (Education Law §3651) is used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure's may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Restricted fund balance at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following: General Fund:

Capital Reserve	\$ 3,047,455		
Repair Reserve	33		
Workers' Compensation Reserve	4,623,044		
Unemployment Insurance Reserve	444,503		
Property Loss Reserve and Liability Reserve	250,000		
Tax Certiorari Reserve	395,277		
Retirement Contribution Reserve	13,795,703		
Retirement Contribution Reserve - TRS Sub Fund	540,000		
Other - Mid Hudson Teacher Center Risk Retention	50,321		
		<u>\$</u>	23,146,336
Special Aid Fund			16,936
School Lunch Fund			530,694
Debt Service Fund			178,182
Total Restricted Fund Balance		\$	23,872,148

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

## S. Equity Classifications (Continued)

## 2. Funds Statements (Continued)

<u>Committed</u> – Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Education. The District did not classify any of its fund balances as committed as of June 30, 2019.

<u>Assigned</u>: Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The purpose of the constraint must be narrower than the purpose of the general fund, and in funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance also includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted at the end of the year.

<u>Unassigned</u>: Includes fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, negative unassigned fund balance is reported.

## Order of Use of Fund Balance:

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

## Limitation on Unexpended Surplus Funds:

NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds the District can retain to no more than 4% of the District's General Fund budget for the ensuing year. Non-spendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

## T. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2019, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

• GASB Statement 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2019.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

#### T. New Accounting Standards (Continued)

• GASB Statement 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, effective for the year ending June 30, 2019.

GASB has issued Statement 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, which will enhance comparability of governments by establishing uniform criteria for governments to recognize and measure certain asset retirement obligations (AROs), including obligations that may not have been previously reported. An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. The District has implemented Statement 83, as required.

GASB has issued Statement 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*, which will improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The District has implemented Statement 88, as required.

#### U. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which will enhance consistency and comparability by (1) establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and (2) clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The focus of the criteria is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans on adoption if and when required, which will be for the June 30, 2020 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 87, *Leases*, which will increase the usefulness of government's financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were not classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use and underlying asset. Under, this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans on adoption if and when required, which will be for the June 30, 2021 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, which will improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with more relevant information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period. The resulting information also will enhance the comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period for both governmental activities and business-type activities. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans on adoption if and when required, which will be for the June 30, 2021 financial statements.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

#### U. Future Changes in Accounting Standards (Continued)

GASB has issued Statement 90, *Majority Equity Interests—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14* and No. 61, which will improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information of certain component units. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans on adoption if and when required, which will be for the June 30, 2020 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans on adoption if and when required, which will be for the June 30, 2022 financial statements.

# NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS.

## A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities:

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the district-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

1. The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings and equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, with their original costs capitalized and depreciation expensed annually over their useful lives. The balances at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Original Cost of Capital Assets	\$ 64,248,08	31
Accumulated Depreciation	(23,316,41	17)
	\$ 40,931,66	54

2. In the Statement of Net Position, a liability is recognized for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to each defined benefit pension plan in which the District participates. A net pension liability is measured as the proportionate share of the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of employee service (proportionate share of total pension liability), net of the proportionate share of that pension plan's fiduciary net position. If a pension plan's fiduciary net position exceeds its total pension liability, the District's proportionate share of the pension plan's net pension asset is recognized. Also, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions primarily result from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, as well as changes in the components of the net pension liability or asset. However, none of these amounts are included on the Balance Sheet as they are only recognized to the extent the pension liability is normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. These balances at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

TRS Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share	\$ 3,005,503
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions	16,780,349
ERS Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share	(1, 123, 771)
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions	(4,188,828)
	\$ 14,473,253

# NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

- A. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities: (Continued)
  - 3. Interest is accrued in the Statement of Net Position, regardless of when it is due. This liability does not appear on the Balance Sheet because interest is expended when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. This liability at June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Accrued Interest	\$ 19,804

4. Long-term liabilities and related deferred inflows are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but not in the Balance Sheet, because the liabilities are not due and payable in the current period. The balances at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Bonds Payable	\$ 10,440,000
Installment Purchase Debt	4,841,513
Compensated Absences	1,660,455
Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB	(32,565,894)
Other Postemployment Benefits	179,516,695
Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB	5,327,951
	\$ 169,220,720

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities:

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of five broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

1. Long-Term Revenue Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

2. Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

# NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

- B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities (Continued):
  - 3. Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

## 4. Pension Plan Transaction Differences

Pension plan transaction differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pensions systems.

#### 5. Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Related Differences

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

# NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities (Continued):

Explanation of Differences between Governmental Funds Operating Statement and the Statement of Activities

Total Revenues and Other Funding Sources

Total revenues reported in governmental funds (Schedule 5)	\$ 76,210,684
Differences	 0
Total revenues in the Statement of Activities (Schedule 2)	\$ 76,210,684

# NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities (Continued):

Explanation of Differences between Governmental Funds Operating Statement
and the Statement of Activities (Continued)
Total Expenditures & Other Uses/Expenses

Total expenditures reported in governmental funds (Schedule 5)	\$ 75,431,829
When the purchase or construction of capital assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the years they are incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital expenditures of \$667,775 were less	550.000
than depreciation of \$1,427,084 and the remaining depreciation.	759,308
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses (compensated absences and special termination benefits) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). Compensated	
Absences earned are less than the amount paid.	(38,238)
Interest payable is recognized as an accrued liability in the entity wide statements under full accrual accounting whereas it is not under the governmental fund statements. This is the amount by which interest	
payable this year is less than the interest payable last year.	(2,007)

# NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities (Continued):

Explanation of Differences between Governmental Funds Operating Sta and the Statement of Activities (Continued) interest cost and changes in benefit terms, as well as amortization of	<u>itement</u>	
deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related		
to OPEB. In the governmental funds, however, OPEB expenditures are		
measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the		
amounts actually paid.). This is the amount by which the OPEB expense		
in the Statement of Activities exceeded the amount of financial		
resources used during the year.		7,837,891
In the Statement of Activities , pension expense related to ERS and TRS defined benefit pension plans is measured as the change in the District's proportionate shares of the net pension assets and liabilities as of the measurement dates for each plan. In the governmental funds however, these expenditures are recognized equal to the total of (1) amounts paid by the employer to the pension plan and (2) the change between the beginning and ending balances of amounts normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. This is the amount by which the pension expense was exceeded by the amount of financial resources expended during the fiscal year.		7,240
Premiums and discounts on long-term debt issuances, bond issuance costs and deferred amounts from debt refunding are recognized in the fiscal year in which the transactions occur in the governmental fund statements. These amounts are amortized in the Statement of Activities This is the amount that was amortized during the current year.		(15,261)
Repayment of bond and installment debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces liabilities in the Statement of Net		
Position, and does not affect the Statement of Activities		(2,082,433)
Total expenses in the Statement of Activities		
(Schedule 2)	\$	81,898,329

## NOTE 3. STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE.

#### A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted:

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. Supplemental appropriations that occurred during the year are shown on Supplemental Schedule #5.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. The General Fund is the only fund with a legally approved budget for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent years until the completion of the projects.

## B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as restrictions or assignments of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

# NOTE 4. CASH - CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT, INTEREST RATE, AND FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these Notes.

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year-end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	\$ 0
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or	
its trust department or agent, but not in the District's name	\$ 32,842,749

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$23,872,148 within the governmental funds.

The District does not typically purchase investments for a long enough duration to cause it to believe that it is exposed to any material interest rate risk. The District also does not typically purchase investments denominated in a foreign currency, and is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

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# NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS.

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets that are not				
depreciated:	ф <u>соо осо</u>	¢ 0	<b>•</b> •	<b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Land	\$ 690,060	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 690,060
Construction in Progress	606,855	0	(606,855)	0
Total Nondepreciable				
Assets	1,296,915	0	(606,855)	690,060
Capital assets that are depreciated:			X	
Land Improvements	434,151	0	0	434,151
Buildings and				
Improvements	56,772,386	496,862	606,855	57,876,103
Furniture & Equipment	4,819,533	144,682	(25,946)	4,938,269
Vehicles	283,266	26,232	0	309,498
Total Depreciable Assets	62,309,336	667,776	580,909	63,558,021
Less: Accumulated	(21,915,279)	(1,427,084)	25,946	(23,316,417)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 41,690,972	\$ (759,308)	\$ 0	\$ 40,931,664

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

\$ 28,542
1,370,000
 28,541
\$ 1,427,083
\$

# NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES.

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Beginning Balance	0		Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds and Notes					
Payable:					
Bonds Payable	\$ 12,154,340	\$ 0	\$ 1,714,340	\$ 10,440,000	\$ 1,680,000
Deferred Amount on Refunding	77,950	0	77,950	0	0
Installment Purchase Debt	5,209,605	0	368,092	4,841,513	378,957
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	17,441,895	0	2,160,382	15,281,513	2,058,957
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	1,780,614	0	46,743	1,733,871	73,416
Other Postemployment Benefits Net Pension Liability Proportionate	138,269,298	45,537,542	4,290,145	179,516,695	0
Share	499,32	1,327,052	702,608	1,123,771	0
Total Other Liabilities	140,549,239		5,039,496	182,374,337	73,416
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 157,991,134	\$ 46,864,594	\$ 7,199,878	\$ 197,655,850	\$ 2,132,373

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES. (Continued)

Existing serial bond and installment purchase obligations are as follows:

	Issue	Final	Interest		
Description of Issue	Date	Maturity	Rate	_	Balance
Serial Bonds:		, <u></u> ,			
Serial Bond	08/03/10	06/15/26	2.00% -4.00%	\$	4,555,000
Serial Bond	06/27/18	06/27/32	2.00% -4.00%		5,885,000
Installment Purchase Debt	05/13/14	05/13/30	3.00%		4,841,513
				\$	15,281,513

The following is a summary of maturing bond debt service requirements:

	Bonds and Notes Payable				
For the Year Ended June 30,		Principal		Interest	
2020	\$	2,058,957	\$	469,326	
2021		2,095,142		407,741	
2022		2,121,657		345,076	
2023		2,178,512		277,496	
2024		1,545,716		208,067	
2025 and thereafter		5,281,529		588,117	
TOTAL	\$	15,281,513	\$	2,295,823	

In prior years the District defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements.

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:	
Interest paid	\$ 523,351
Less: Interest accrued in the prior year	(21,812)
Less: Amortization of premiums, deferred amounts	
on refunding and bond issue costs	(15,261)
Plus: Interest accrued in the current year	 19,805
Total interest expense	\$ 506,083

## NOTE 7. PENSION PLANS.

## Employees' Retirement System Plan Description

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). ERS and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS) which are collectively referred to as New York State and Local Retirement System (the ERS System). These are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement systems. The net position of the ERS System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in fiduciary net position allocated to the ERS System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four-year term. Thomas P. DiNapoli has served as Comptroller since February 7, 2007. In November, 2014, he was elected for a new term commencing January 1, 2015. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report may be found at www.osc.state.nv.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

## Teachers' Retirement System Plan Description

The New York State Teachers Retirement System (the TRS System) was created and exists pursuant to Article 11 of the New York State Education Law. The System is the administrator of a costsharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS), administered by a 10member Board to provide pension and ancillary benefits to teachers employed by participating employers in the State of New York, excluding New York City. For additional Plan information please refer to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System s website located at <u>www.nystrs.org</u>.

## ERS Benefits Provided

The ERS System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

# Tiers 1 and 2

Eligibility: Tier 1 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. There is no minimum service requirement for Tier 1 members. Tier 2 members, with the exception of those retiring under special

## NOTE 7. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

# ERS Benefits Provided (Continued)

## Tiers 1 and 2 (Continued)

retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The age at which full benefits may be collected for Tier 1 is 55, and the full benefit age for Tier 2 is 62.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If the member retires with 20 or more years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. Tier 2 members with five or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 2 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, Tier 1 and Tier 2 members who worked continuously from April 1, 1999 through October 1, 2000 received an additional month of service credit for each year of credited service they have at retirement, up to a maximum of 24 additional months.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years. For Tier 1 members who joined on or after June 17, 1971, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent of the previous year. For Tier 2 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent of the average of the previous two years.

# Tiers 3, 4, and 5

Eligibility: Tier 3 and 4 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. Tier 5 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 10 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tiers 3, 4 and 5 is 62.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with between 20 and 30 years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 30 years of service, an additional benefit of 1.5 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 30 years. Tier 3 and 4 members with five or more years of service and Tier 5 members with 10 or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 3 and 4 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits.

## NOTE 7. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

## ERS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Tiers 3, 4, and 5 (Continued)

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years. For Tier 3, 4 and 5 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous two years.

## Tier 6

Eligibility: Tier 6 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 10 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tier 6 is 63 for ERS members and 62 for PFRS members.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with 20 years of service, the benefit is 1.75 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 20 years of service, an additional benefit of 2 percent of final average salary is applied 1 for each year of service over 20 years. Tier 6 members with 10 or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the five highest consecutive years. For Tier 6 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous four years.

## Special Plans

The 25-Year Plans allow a retirement after 25 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary, and the 20-Year Plans allow a retirement after 20 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary. These plans are available to certain PFRS members, sheriffs, and correction officers.

## Disability Retirement Benefits

Disability retirement benefits are available to ERS and PFRS members unable to perform their job duties because of permanent physical or mental incapacity. There are three general types of disability benefits: ordinary, performance of duty, and accidental disability benefits. Eligibility, benefit amounts, and other rules such as any offsets or other benefits depend on a members tier, years of service, and plan.

## NOTE 7. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

# ERS Benefits Provided (Continued)

# Ordinary Death Benefits

Death benefits are payable upon the death, before retirement, of a member who meets eligibility requirements as set forth by law. The first \$50,000 of an ordinary death benefit is paid in the form of group term life insurance. The benefit is generally three times the member's annual salary. For most members, there is also a reduced post-retirement ordinary death benefit available.

# Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

A cost-of-living adjustment is provided annually to: (i) all pensioners who have attained age 62 and have been retired for five years; (ii) all pensioners who have attained age 55 and have been retired for 10 years; (iii) all disability pensioners, regardless of age, who have been retired for five years; (iv) ERS recipients of an accidental death benefit, regardless of age, who have been receiving such benefit for five years and (v) the spouse of a deceased retiree receiving a lifetime benefit under an option elected by the retiree at retirement. An eligible spouse is entitled to one-half the cost-of-living adjustment amount that would have been paid to the retiree when the retiree would have met the eligibility criteria. This cost-of-living adjustment is a percentage of the annual retirement benefit of the eligible member as computed on a base benefit amount not to exceed \$18,000 of the annual retirement benefit. The cost-of-living percentage shall be 50 percent of the annual Consumer Price Index as published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor, but cannot be less than 1 percent or exceed 3 percent.

## **TRS Benefits Provided**

The benefits provided to members of the TRS System are established by New York State and may be amended only by the Legislature with the Governor's approval. Benefit provisions vary depending on date of membership and are subdivided into the following six classes:

## Tier 1

Members who last joined prior to July 1, 1973 are covered by the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law.

# Tier 2

Members who last joined on or after July 1, 1973 and prior to July 27, 1976 are covered by the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law and Article 11 of the Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL).

# NOTE 7. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

# TRS Benefits Provided (Continued)

# Tier 3

Members who last joined on or after July 27, 1976 and prior to September 1, 1983 are covered by the provisions of Article 14 and Article 15 of the RSSL.

# Tier 4

Members who last joined on or after September 1, 1983 and prior to January 1, 2010 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

# Tier 5

Members who joined on or after January 1, 2010 and prior to April 1, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

# Tier 6

Members who joined on or after April 1, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

# Service Retirements

Tier 1 members are eligible, beginning at age 55, for a service retirement allowance of approximately 2% per year of credit service times final average salary.

Under Article 19 of the RSSL, eligible Tiers 1 and 2 members can receive additional service credit of one-twelfth of a year for each year of retirement credit as of the date of retirement or death up to a maximum of two additional years.

Tiers 2 through 5 are eligible for the same but with the following limitations: (1) Tiers 2 through 4 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 62 or retirement at ages 55 through 61 with 30 years of service or a reduced benefit for retirement at ages 55 through 61 with less than 30 years of service. (2) Tier 5 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 62 or retirement at ages 57 through 61 with 30 years of service. They receive a reduced benefit for retirement at ages 55 and 56 regardless of service credit, or ages 57 through 61 with less than 30 years of service.

# NOTE 7. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

# TRS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Tier 6 members are eligible for a service retirement allowance of 1.75% per year of credited service years of service plus 2% per year for years of service in excess of 20 years times final average salary. Tier 6 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 63. They receive a reduced benefit at ages 55 through 62 regardless of service credit.

# Vested Benefits

Retirement benefits after 5 years of credited service except for Tiers 5 and 6 where 10 years of credited service are required. Benefits are payable at age 55 or greater with the limitations noted for service requirements above.

# Disability Retirement

Members are eligible for disability years of credited New York State service except for Tier 3 where disability retirement is permissible after 5 years of credited New York State service pursuant to the provisions of Article 14 of the RSSL. The Tier 3 benefit is integrated with Social Security.

# Death Benefits

Death benefits are paid to the beneficiary of active members who die in service. The benefit is based on final salary and the number of years of credited service.

# Prior Service

After 2 years of membership, members of all tiers may claim and receive credit for prior New York State public or teaching service. Only Tiers 1 and 2 members may, under certain conditions, claim out of state service.

# Tier Reinstatement

In accordance with Chapter 640 of the Laws of 1998, any active member who had a prior membership may elect to be reinstated to their original date and Tier of membership.

# NOTE 7. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

# Permanent Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA)

Section 532-a of the Education Law provides a permanent cost-of-living benefit to both current and future retired members. This benefit will be paid commencing September of each year to retired members who have attained age 62 and have been retired for 5 years or attained age 55 and have been retired for 10 years. Disability retirees must have been retired for 5 years, regardless of age, to be eligible. The annual COLA percentage is equal to 50% of the increase in the consumer price index not to exceed 3% nor be lower than 1%. It is applied to the first eighteen thousand dollars of the annual benefit. The applicable percentage payable beginning September 2018 is 1.2%.

Members who retired prior to July 1, 1970 are eligible for a minimum benefit of seventeen thousand five hundred dollars for 35 years of credited full-time New York State service. Certain members who retire pursuant to the provisions of Article 14 of the RSSL are eligible for automatic cost-of-living supplementation based on the increase in the consumer price index with a maximum per annum increase of 3%.

## **Contributions**

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0% to 3.5% of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year and each of the two preceding years. These contributions were as follows:

Year	NYSTRS	N	VYSERS
2018-2019	\$ 2,819,529	\$	702,607
2017-2018	3,308,199		691,334
2016-2017	3,643,785		651,643

The District chose to prepay the required contributions to ERS by December 15<sup>th</sup> each year and received a discount.

ERS has provided additional disclosures through entities that elected to participate in Chapter 260, 57 and 105.

## NOTE 7. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2019 for ERS and June 30, 2018 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

At March 31, 2019, the District's proportion of the NYSERS net pension asset/(liability) was 0.0158606%; there was a increase of 0.000405887% from its proportion measured as of March 31, 2018.

At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion of the NYSTRS net pension asset/(liability) was 0.166209%, which was an decrease of 0.002654% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

# NOTE 7. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District's recognized pension expense of \$818,616 for ERS and \$2,347,792 for TRS. At June 30, 2019 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows or Resources			
	ERS TRS To			Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 221,294	\$	2,245,988	\$ 2,467,282
Changes of Assumptions	282,470		10,506,204	10,788,674
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	0		0	0
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	180,743		195,476	376,219
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 220,455		2,927,719	3,148,174
Total	\$ 904,962	\$	15,875,387	\$ 16,780,349

## NOTE 7. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

	Deferred Inflows       or Resources       ERS     TRS     Total				Total	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	75,437	\$	406,836	\$	482,273
Changes of Assumptions		0		0		0
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		288,422		3,336,337		3,624,759
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		24,879		56,917		81,796
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		0		0		0
Total	\$	388,738	\$	3,800,090	\$	4,188,828

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended: ERS		TRS	
I ear Ended.		ERS	INS
2019	\$	-	\$ (3,029,126)
2020		(299,473)	(2,061,933)
2021		188,591	(232,311)
2022		(12,909)	(2,054,852)
2023		(171, 978)	(1,413,995)
Thereafter		-	(355,361)

## NOTE 7. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions

The total ERS pension liability at March 31, 2019 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2018, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2019. The total TRS pension liability at June 30, 2018 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019. These actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuations referred to above were as follows:

	ERS	TRS		
Inflation Rate	2.5%	2.25	2/0	
Projected Salary Increases	4.2%	Rates of increase service. They have		
		Service	Rate	
		5	4.72%	
		15	3.46%	
		25	2.37%	
Decidented Cost of Living		35	1.90%	
Projected Cost of Living Adjustments	1.3%	1.5% Compoun	ded annually	
Investment Rate of Return, Including Inflation	7.0% compounded annually, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.25% compounded annually, net pension plan investment expens including inflation		
Decrement Tables	April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015 System's Experience	July 1, 2 June 30, System's Ex	2014	
Mortality Improvement	Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014	Society of A Scale MF		

## NOTE 7. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

	ERS			TRS		
Measurement Date	Marc	h 31, 2019	Measurement Date	June 30, 2018		
		Long-term expected		Target	Long-term expected real	
	Target Allocation	real rate of return		Allocation	rate of return*	
Asset Class:			Asset Class:			
Domestic Equity	36%	4.55%	Domestic Equities	33%	5.80%	
International Equity	14%	6.35%	International Equities	16%	7.30%	
Private Equity	10%	7.50%	Global Equities	4%	6.70%	
Real Estate	10%	5.55%	Real Estate Equities	11%	4.90%	
Absolute Return Strategies (1)	2%	3.75%	Private Equities	8%	8.90%	
Opportunistic Portfolio	3%	5.68%	Domestic Fixed Income Securities	16%	1.30%	
Real Assets	3%	5.29%	Global Fixed Income Securities	2%	0.90%	
Bonds and Mortgages	17%	1.31%	Private Debt	1%	6.80%	
Cash	1%	-0.25%	Real Estate Debt	7%	2.80%	
Inflation-indexed bonds	4%	1.25%	High-Yield Fixed Income Securities	1%	3.50%	
			Short-term	1%	0.30%	
Total	100%					
				100%		

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5%.

(1) Excludes equity-oriented and long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and international equity. \* Real rates of return are net of a long-term inflation assumption of 2.3%

# Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.0% for ERS and 7.25% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## NOTE 7. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

# Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the ERS and TRS net pension liability calculated using the discount rates referred to above, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate referred to above:

ERS	1%	Current	1%	
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase	
	6.00%	7.00%	<u>8.00%</u>	
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)	\$ (4,913,306)	\$ (1,123,771)	\$ 2,059,707	
TRS	1%	Current	1%	
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase	
	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%	
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)	\$ (20,648,296)	\$ 3,005,503	\$ 22,820,813	

# Pension plan fiduciary net position

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the employers were as follows:

		ERS	TRS
Measurement Date	M	larch 31, 2019	June 30, 2018
Employers' total pension asset/(liability)	\$	(189,803,429)	\$ (118,107,253,288)
Plan net position		(182,718,124)	(119,915,517,622)
Employer's net pension asset/(liability)	\$	(7,085,305)	\$ 1,808,264,334
Ratio of plan net position to the			
employers' total pension asset/(liability)		96.27%	101.53%

## Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's year which ends on March 31<sup>st</sup>. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 represent the projected employer contributions for the period of April 1, 2019 through June 30, 2019 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$220,455 of employer contributions. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

# NOTE 7. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

#### Payables to the Pension Plan (Continued)

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2019 through state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 represent employee and employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018. Employer contributions are based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$3,091,726.

## NOTE 8. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY.

Interfund balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, were as follows:

	Inter	rfund	Interfund			
	Receivable	Receivable Payable		Expenditures		
General Fund	\$ 1,512,001	\$ (529,728)	\$ 115,000	\$ 253,673		
Special Aid Fund	0	884,637	243,062	0		
School Lunch Fund	10,611	0	10,611	0		
Capital Fund	0	627,400	0	0		
Debt Service Fund	179	0	0	115,000		
Total Governmental Activities	1,522,791	982,309	368,673	368,673		
Fiduciary Agency Fund	5,392	545,874	0	0		
Totals	\$ 1,528,183	\$ 1,528,183	\$ 368,673	\$ 368,673		

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

The District typically transfers from the General Fund to the Special Aid Fund to fund the portion of the Summer Handicapped Program not funded by aid from New York State.

#### NOTE 9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS.

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan ("the District's OPEB plan"), provides OPEB for eligible retired employees, their spouses and their dependent children. The District's OPEB plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District based on employment contracts. As these employment contracts are renegotiated, eligibility and benefits may change over time. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District's OPEB plan subsidizes the cost of healthcare eligible retired employees, their spouses and their dependent children. Eligibility is based on the respective rules of the New York State and Local Employees Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers Retirement System (TRS), as well as the provisions of the District's agreements with its employees. The following eligibility rules currently apply to the District's employees:

- Teachers: 10 years of District service
- Support Staff: 10 years of District service
- Confidential Secretaries: 10 years of District service
- Administrators: 10 years of District service
- Assistant Superintendents & Superintendent: 10 years of District service

Medical and prescription drug benefits are offered to retirees on a District-subsidized basis. Upon attaining age 65, or upon disability retirement, Medicare (Parts A and B) becomes the primary provider for hospital insurance and supplementary medical insurance, with the District's plan providing an additional layer of coverage. The District reimburses retirees' and their spouses' Medicare Part B premiums, but not those of surviving spouses.

The benefit terms are dependent on which group (contract) each employee falls under. Contribution rates for new retirees are as follows:

			District Co	ntributions				
		(% of premium)			Reimburse Part B Premium			
	Provider	Years of			Surviving			Surviving
Group with Applicable DOH Cut-off	Options *	Service	Individual	Spouse **	Spouse	Individual	Spouse	Spouse
Teachers	DEHIC	10+	95%	75%	0%	Y	Y	N
Support Staff	NYSHIP	10 to 14	65%	50%	0%	Y	Y	N
		15 to 19	85%	65%	0%	Y	Y	N
		20+	95%	75%	0%	Y	Y	N
Confidential Secretaries	NYSHIP	10+	95%	75%	0%	Y	Y	N
Administrators hired on or prior to 07/01/08	NYSHIP	10+	95%	75%	50%	Y	Y	N
Administrators hired after 07/01/08	DEHIC	10+	90%	70%	50%	Y	Y	N
Assistant Superintendents & Superintendent	NYSHIP	10+	100%	100%	0%	Y	Y	N

\* Note: There are other provider options (CDPHP, MVP); however the District's contribution shall not exceed what it would have contributed to DEHIC or NYSHIP, based on Group.

\*\* Note: Spouse Rate = Family Rate - Individual Rate.

Retired teachers are eligible for subsidized dental and vision benefit where the District pays a fixed subsidy amount of \$1,000 to apply to the purchase of dental and vision insurance. There is no subsidized dental and vision benefit for all other group members.

## NOTE 9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	284
Active employees	407
Total Employees Covered by Benefit Terms	691

## **Total OPEB Liability**

The District's total OPEB liability of \$179,516,695 was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, with update procedures used to roll forward the actuarial accrued liability to June 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation Rate	3.0%
Projected Salary Increases, Including Wage Inflation	Varies by years of service and retirement system
Discount Rate	3.51%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Medical: 5.50% for 2018, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.84% by 2075
	Part B Reimbrusement: 1.12% for 2018 increasing to an ultimate rate of 3.84% by 2075
	Dental/Vision: None
Current Retirees' Share of Benefit Related Costs	Retirees pay based on their specific cost sharing arrangement.
Future Retirees' Share of Benefit Related Costs	Retirees pay based on their specific cost sharing arrangement.

## NOTE 9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

The discount rate was based on a review of the yield derived from the Bond Buyer 20 GO Bond Index closest to the measurement date.

The demographic assumptions include the rates of mortality, withdrawal, retirement, and disability. They are based on the NYS ERS assumptions first adopted on April 1, 2015 and NYS TRS assumptions first adopted on June 30, 2015 with the exception of mortality rates. The mortality rates are based on recent mortality tables published by SOA (Pub-2010), which were based on the public pension plans mortality experience from calendar years 2008-2013.

#### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ 138,269,298	
Changes for the Year:		
Service cost	3,496,790	
Interest	5,404,121	
Differences between expected and actual experience	13,284,862	
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	23,351,769	
Benefit payments	(4,290,145)	
Net Changes	41,247,397	
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 179,516,695	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.51 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.51 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(2.51%)	(3.51%)	(4.51%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 225,950,521	\$ 179,516,695	\$ 159,473,211

## NOTE 9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1%	Current Health Care		1%	
	Decrease	Со	st Trend Rates	Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 153,573,638	\$	179,516,695	\$ 235,663,379	

## <u>OPEB</u> Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to <u>OPEB</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$7,837,891. At June 30, 2019, the District reported the following deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	11,808,766	\$	0
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		20,757,128		5,327,951
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		0		0
Total	\$	32,565,894	\$	5,327,951

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts recognized in the deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount		
2020	\$ 3,227,125		
2021	3,227,125		
2022	3,227,125		
2023	3,227,125		
2024	3,227,125		
Thereafter	11,102,318		

## NOTE 10. RETIREMENT INCENTIVES.

The Wallkill Central School District approved a local retirement incentive whereby teachers who were eligible to retire during the 2018-2019 year under the New York State Teacher's Retirement System, will receive a non-elective employer contribution up to \$23,000, total incentives paid out in 2018-2019 were \$115,000. This incentive is charged to expenditures in the governmental funds in the current year.

## NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT.

## **General Information**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

## Pool, Non-Risk Retained

The District participates in the Dutchess Educational Health Consortium, a public entity risk pool operated for the benefit of individual governmental units located within the County. The District pays an annual premium to the plan for this coverage. The plan is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members. The District has transferred all related risk to the Fund/Pool/Plan.

## Pool, Risk Sharing

The District participates in the Ulster County Workers' Compensation Fund, a risk-sharing pool, to insure Workers' Compensation claims. This is a public entity risk pool created under Article 5 of the Workers' Compensation Law, to finance liability and risks related to Workers' Compensation claims. The total undiscounted liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2019, was \$16,924,180. For June 30, 2019, the plan had assets in excess of the liability.

## NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES.

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

The District does not accrue a liability for accumulating, non-vesting sick leave, since payment is based on an uncontrollable future event (sickness). In accordance with the provisions of GASB #16, the value for accumulating, non-vesting sick leave is considered a contingent liability.

## NOTE 13. ENCUMBRANCES.

Encumbrances represent contracts, purchase orders, payroll commitments, tax payables, or legal penalties that are chargeable to an account. They cease to be encumbrances when paid or when the actual liability amount is determined and recorded as an expenditure. As discussed in Note 1, encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At June 30, 2019 the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the subsequent year were as follows:

General Fund	\$ 414,941
Total Encumbrances	\$ 414,941

## NOTE 14. DONOR-RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS.

The District administers endowment funds, which are restricted by the donor for the purpose of student scholarships and awards.

The District authorizes expenditures from donor-restricted endowments in compliance with the wishes expressed by the donor, which varies among the unique endowments administered by the District.

## NOTE 15. TAX ABATEMENTS.

The Town of Newburgh entered into a property tax abatement agreement that reduce the District's gross tax revenues. The property tax abatement agreements are entered into with local businesses under the state municipal law for the purpose of attracting or retaining businesses within the town. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District abated property taxes totaling \$25,730 under the property tax abatement agreement and received payments in lieu of tax (PILOT) payments totaling \$5,219.

## NOTE 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS.

The District has evaluated subsequent events through October 9, 2019 the date that the financial statements were available to be issued. No significant subsequent events have been identified that would require adjustment of or disclosure in the accompanying financial statements.

#### WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	0	06/30/19	 06/30/18
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	1	3,496,790 5,404,121 13,284,862 23,351,769 (4,290,145)	\$ 3,647,987 4,957,978 0 (7,015,175) (3,625,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability-beginning		41,247,397 38,269,298	 (2,034,210) 140,303,508
Total OPEB liability-ending	\$ 1	79,516,695	\$ 138,269,298
Covered-employee payroll	\$	31,086,885	\$ 30,516,161
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		577.50%	453.10%

#### Notes to Schedule:

*Changes in assumptions.* Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period.

6/30/2017	3.58%
6/30/2018	3.87%
6/30/2019	3.51%

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75 to pay related benefits.

\* GASB 75 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that this statement was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2018, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 75.

#### WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

REVENUES	 ORIGINAL BUDGET		REVISED BUDGET		CURRENT YEAR'S REVENUES		ER (UNDER) SED BUDGET
LOCAL SOURCES:							
Real Property Taxes Other Tax Items Charges for Services Use of Money & Property Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss Miscellaneous	\$ 41,832,079 100,000 152,205 17,795 0 305,000	\$	41,832,079 100,000 152,205 17,795 0 305,000	\$	37,489,944 4,485,450 77,954 138,136 6,144 856,267	\$	(4,342,135) 4,385,450 (74,251) 120,341 6,144 551,267
STATE SOURCES	29,550,000		29,550,000		30,101,612		551,612
FEDERAL SOURCES	50,000		50,000		107,084		57,084
OTHER SOURCES: Operating Transfers In TOTAL REVENUES	 115,000		115,000	\$	115,000	2	0
TOTAL REVENUES	72,122,079		72,122,079	Ð	73,377,591	2	1,255,512
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	3,268,160		3,268,160				
TOTAL REVENUES & APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	\$ 75,390,239	\$	75,390,239				

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE #2 (CONTINUED)

#### WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	ORIGINAL BUDGET		REVISED BUDGET		CURRENT YEAR'S EXPENDITURES		ENCUMBRANCES		ICUMBERED ALANCE
EXPENDITURES									
GENERAL SUPPORT:									
Board of Education	\$	27,450	\$	20,291	\$	19,209	\$	0	\$ 1,082
Central Administration		259,097		267,894		267,600		0	294
Finance		634,870		752,903		747,392		0	5,511
Staff		270,100		289,140		289,140		0	0
Central Services		4,339,933		4,424,161		4,212,321		197,667	14,173
Special Items		1,242,400		1,185,599		1,182,910		0	2,689
INSTRUCTIONAL:									
Instruction, Administration & Improvement		2,237,735		2,081,436		1,919,221		181	162,034
Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions		9,275,629		9,314,026		8,972,703		560	340,763
Teaching - Regular School		21,751,988		21,945,710		21,600,225		112,509	232,976
Occupational Education		1,907,900		1,878,917		1,823,302		153	55,462
Teaching - Special Schools		214,000		151,874		127,104		0	24,770
Instructional Media		1,359,591		1,305,315		1,261,359		0	43,956
Pupil Services		3,107,307		3,067,709		2,844,929		5,172	217,608
PUPIL TRANSPORTATION		5,653,600		5,634,025		5,077,266		0	556,759
COMMUNITY SERVICES		5,000		5,000		5,000		0	0
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		20,188,983		20,009,305		18,568,161		0	1,441,144
CAPITAL OUTLAY		208,256		297,923		163,918		98,699	35,306
DEBT SERVICE:									
Debt Service - Principal		2,022,433		2,082,433		2,082,433		0	0
Debt Service - Interest		563,967		545,967		523,351		0	 22,616
		75,270,239		75,259,628		71,687,544		414,941	3,157,143
OTHER USES:									
Operating Transfers Out		120,000		130,611		253,673		0	 (123,062)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES & OTHER USES	\$	75,390,239	\$	75,390,239		71,941,217	\$	414,941	\$ 3,034,081
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE					\$	1,436,374			

#### SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE #3

# WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	 3/31/2019	_	3/31/2018	3/31/2017	 3/31/2016	3/31/2015	 3/31/2014
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.0158606%		0.0154547%	0.0158117%	0.0166499%	0.0160641%	0.0160641%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (1,123,771)	\$	(499,327)	\$ (1,485,698)	\$ (2,672,355)	\$ (542,684)	\$ (725,914)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,919,312	\$	4,728,601	\$ 4,740,397	\$ 4,514,656	\$ 4,555,293	\$ 4,390,684
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-22.84%		-10.56%	-31.34%	-59.19%	-11.91%	-16.53%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96.27%		98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.95%	97.15%

#### NYSTRS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	6/30/2018		6/30/2017		6/30/2016	6/30/2015		6/30/2014	_	6/30/2013
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)		0.166209%		0.168863%	0.169317%		0.167886%	0.168377%		0.169048%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$	3,005,503	\$	1,283,529	\$ (1,813,457)	\$	17,437,954	\$ 18,756,201	\$	1,112,765
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	27,567,973	\$	27,120,038	\$ 26,789,666	\$	26,185,661	\$25,189,922	\$	24,776,522
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		10.90%		4.73%	-6.77%		66.59%	74.46%		4.49%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		101.53%		100.66%	99.01%		110.46%	111.48%		100.70%

\* GASB 68 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that this statement was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2015, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 68.

#### WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*												
	<u>3/31/2019</u> <u>3/31/2018</u> <u>3/31/2017</u> <u>3/31/2016</u> <u>3/31/2015</u> <u>3/31/2015</u>										3/31/2014	
Contractually required contribution	\$	702,607	\$	695,675	\$	651,643	\$	876,553	\$	864,812	\$	773,019
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		702,607		695,675		651,643		876,553		864,812		773,019
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	4,919,312	\$	4,728,601	\$	4,740,397	\$	4,514,656	\$	4,555,293	\$	4,390,684
Contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		14.28%		14.71%		13.75%		19.42%		18.98%		17.61%
NYSTRS Pension Plan												

#### Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	6/30/2013
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,819,529	\$ 3,308,199	\$ 3,643,785	\$ 4,420,835	\$ 4,041,696	\$ 3,153,810
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,819,529	3,308,199	3,643,785	4,420,835	4,041,696	3,153,810
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 27,567,973	\$ 27,120,038	\$ 26,789,666	\$ 26,185,661	\$ 25,189,922	\$ 24,776,522
Contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	10.23%	12.20%	13.60%	16.88%	16.04%	12.73%

\* GASB 68 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that this statement was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2015, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 68.

# <u>WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT</u> <u>WALLKILL, NEW YORK</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET</u> <u>AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT - GENERAL FUND</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019</u>

## CHANGE FROM ADOPTED TO FINAL BUDGET

ADOPTED BUDGET		\$ 75,098,079
ADDITIONS: Encumbrances from Prior Year		 292,160
ORIGINAL BUDGET		75,390,239
BUDGET REVISIONS		 0
FINAL BUDGET		\$ 75,390,239
<ul> <li>SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION</li> <li>2019-2020 Voter-approved expenditure budget maximum allowed (4% of 2019-2020 budget of \$76,524,146)</li> <li>General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Unrestriced Fund Balance: Assigned Fund Balance</li> </ul>	\$ 2 264 041	\$ 3,060,967
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 2,364,941 3,060,967	
Total Unrestricted Fund Balance	\$ 5,425,908	
Less: Appropriated Fund Balance	\$ 1,950,000	
Encumbrances Included in Assigned Fund Balance	 414,941	
Total Adjustments	\$ 2,364,941	
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		\$ 3,060,967
Actual Percentage		4.00%

#### WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - PROJECT EXPENDITURES AND FINANCING RESOURCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

					EXPENDIT	URES TO DATE		
	PROJECT	ORIGINAL	REVISED	PRIOR	CURRENT	INTERFUND		AVAILABLE
	NUMBER	APPROPRIATION	APPROPRIATION	YEARS	YEAR	TRANSFER	TOTAL	BALANCE
Purchase of Building		\$ 310,000	\$ 310,000	\$ 309,867	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 309,867	\$ 133
Reconstruction - Administration Building	1-004-003	10,824	10,824	0	0	0	0	10,824
Reconstruction - Leptondale Phase II	0-001-018	39,110	39,110	7,919	16,922	0	24,841	14,269
Reconstructon - Ostrander Phase II	0-003-013	39,110	39,110	7,839	12,596	0	20,435	18,675
Reconstruction - Plattekill Phase II	0-005-014	39,110	39,110	7,722	12,596	0	20,318	18,792
Reconstruction - John G. Borden Phase II	0-002-013	69,537	69,537	11,090	33,830	0	44,920	24,617
Reconstruction - High School Phase II	0-007-017	637,364	637,364	395,359	146,075	0	541,434	95,930
Reconstruction - HS Bathroom Building	7-030-001	176,000	176,000	0	274,842	0	274,842	(98,842)
Reconstruction - Press Box	7-029-001	150,000	150,000	176,922	0	0	176,922	(26,922)
Smart Schools Bond Act	0476-16-3435	2,640,175	2,639,701	1,731,184	0	0	1,731,184	908,517
TOTALS		\$ 4,111,230	\$ 4,110,756	\$ 2,647,902	\$ 496,861	\$ 0	\$ 3,144,763	\$ 965,993

			METHODS OF FINANCING							
	PROJECT NUMBER	PROCEEDS OF OBLIGATIONS	STATE AID	LOCAL SOURCES	INTERFUND REVENUE	TOTAL	BALANCE			
	NUMBER	OBLIGATIONS	STATE AID	SOURCES	REVENUE	TOTAL	June 30, 2019			
Purchase of Building		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 310,000	\$ 310,000	\$ 133			
Reconstruction - Administration Building	1-004-003	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Reconstruction - Leptondale Phase II	0-001-018	39,110	0	0	0	39,110	14,269			
Reconstructon - Ostrander Phase II	0-003-013	39,110	0	0	0	39,110	18,675			
Reconstruction - Plattekill Phase II	0-005-014	39,110	0	0	0	39,110	18,792			
Reconstruction - John G. Borden Phase II	0-002-013	69,537	0	0	0	69,537	24,617			
Reconstruction - High School Phase II	0-007-017	637,364	0	0	0	637,364	95,930			
Reconstruction - HS Bathroom Building	7-030-001	129,536	0	0	0	129,536	(145,306)			
Reconstruction - Press Box	7-029-001	150,000	0	0	0	150,000	(26,922)			
Smart Schools Bond Act	0476-16-3435	0	1,730,984	0	0	1,730,984	(200)			
TOTALS		\$ 1,103,767	\$ 1,730,984	\$ 0	\$ 310,000	\$ 3,144,751	\$ (12)			

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

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# WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		\$ 40,931,664
DEDUCTIONS:		
Short-term Portion of Bonds Payable	\$ 1,680,000	
Long-term Portion of Bonds Payable	8,760,000	
Short-term Portion of Installment Debt	378,957	
Long-term Portion of Installment Debt	4,462,556	
Less: Unspent Bond Proceeds	 55	
Total Deductions		 (15,281,568)
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS		\$ 25,650,096



Nugent & Haeussler, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ESTABLISHED 1925

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Wallkill Central School District Wallkill, New York 101 Bracken Road Montgomery, New York 12549 Tel (845) 457-1100 Fax (845) 457-1160 e-mail: nh@nhcpas.com

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Richard P. Capicchioni, CPA Walter J. Jung, CPA Jennifer A. Traverse, CPA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund of Wallkill Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Wallkill Central School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 9, 2019.

## **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Wallkill Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Wallkill Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Wallkill Central School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# Wallkill Central School District

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Wallkill Central School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mugent + Hanusler, P.C.

Montgomery, New York October 9, 2019



Nugent & Haeussler, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ESTABLISHED 1925

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR

OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL

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Richard P. Capicchioni, CPA Walter J. Jung, CPA Jennifer A. Traverse, CPA

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Wallkill Central School District

Wallkill, New York

# **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Wallkill Central School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Wallkill Central School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Wallkill Central School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

# **Management's Responsibility**

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Wallkill Central School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Wallkill Central School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Wallkill Central School District's compliance.

# Wallkill Central School District

# **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Wallkill Central School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

# **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of Wallkill Central School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Wallkill Central School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Wallkill Central School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jugent + Hoursler, P.C.

Montgomery, New York October 9, 2019

## WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH TO SUBRECIPIENTS	TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES	
Passed-through NYS Education Department:					
Special Education Cluster: IDEA - Part B, Section 611 IDEA - Part B, Section 619 Total Special Education Cluster	84.027 84.173	0032-19-1003 0033-19-1003	\$ 79,471 16,398 \$ 95,869	\$ 775,240 24,358 799,598	
Title I Parts A & D, Basic Program Title II Part A, Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting Title II Part A, Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting	84.010 84.367 84.367	0021-19-3435 0147-18-3435 0147-19-3435		452,397 716 109,886	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				1,362,597	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
Passed-through NYS Education Department:					
Child Nutrition Cluster: Cash Assistance National School Lunch Program National School Breakfast Program	10.555 10.553	N/A N/A		417,886 134,991	
Cash Assistance Subtotal				552,877	
Non-Cash Assistance (food distribution) National School Lunch Program TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE, CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER	10.555	N/A		96,246	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS				\$ 2,011,720	

# <u>WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT</u> <u>WALLKILL, NEW YORK</u> <u>NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019</u>

## NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of federal award programs administered by the District, which is described in Note 1 to the District's accompanying financial statements, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Federal awards that are included in the schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. Because the schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, change in net assets, or cash flows of the District.

Indirect costs may be included in the reported expenditures, to the extent that they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented. Certain of the District's federal award programs have been charged with indirect costs, based upon a rate established by New York State and the District has elected not to use the 10% deminimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance applied to overall expenditures. There is no other indirect cost allocation plan in effect.

Matching costs (the District's share of certain program costs) are not included in the reported expenditures. The basis of accounting varies by federal program consistent with the underlying regulations pertaining to each program.

The amounts reported as federal expenditures were obtained from the federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are reconciled with the District's financial reporting system.

# NOTE 2. NON-CASH ASSISTANCE.

The District is the recipient of a federal award program that does not result in cash receipts or disbursements. The District was granted \$96,246 of commodities under the Commodity Supplemental Food Program (CFDA 10.555).

# NOTE 3. OTHER DISCLOSURES.

No insurance is carried specifically to cover equipment purchased with federal funds. Any equipment purchased with federal funds has only a nominal value, and is covered by the District's casualty insurance policies.

There were no loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year-end.

# <u>WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT</u> <u>WALLKILL, NEW YORK</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019</u>

# SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of Report the Auditor Issued on Whether the Financial Statements Audited Were Presented in Accordance with GAAP: Unmodified

Internal Control over Financial Reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	_X	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		Yes	<u>X</u>	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	. <u> </u>	Yes	X	No
FEDERAL AWARDS Internal Control over Major Programs: Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	X	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		Yes	X	None Reported
Type of Auditor's Opinion Issued on Compliance for Major Programs: Unmodified				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR-200.516(a)?		Yes	_X	No
IDENTIFICATION OF MAJOR PROGRAMS:CFDA NUMBERS 84.010NAME OF FEDERAL PROGRAM OR CLUSTER Title I	2			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?				No

# SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

There were no findings related to the financial statements as required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

# SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

A.Significant Deficiencies in Internal Control

There were no findings relating to the major federal awards as required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR-200.516(a).

**B.**Compliance Findings

There were no findings relating to the major federal awards as required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR-200.516(a).

# <u>WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT</u> <u>WALLKILL, NEW YORK</u> <u>SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS</u> FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Finding: 2017-001 Title I Parts A&D, Basic Program (84.010) IDEA – Part B, Section 611 (84.027) IDEA – Part B, Section 619 (84.173)

Current Status: Corrected.



Nugent & Haeussler, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ESTABLISHED 1925

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Wallkill Central School District Wallkill, New York 101 Bracken Road Montgomery, New York 12549 Tel (845) 457-1100 Fax (845) 457-1160 e-mail: nh@nhcpas.com

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Richard P. Capicchioni, CPA Walter J. Jung, CPA Jennifer A. Traverse, CPA

#### **Report on Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Wallkill Central School District's extraclassroom activity funds, which comprise the statement of assets, liabilities, and fund balance-cash basis as of June 30, 2019, and the related statement of receipts and disbursements-cash basis for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

# Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets liabilities and fund balance of the extraclassroom activity funds of the Wallkill Central School District as of June 30, 2019, and its cash receipts and cash disbursements for the year then ended, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note #1.

# **Basis of Accounting**

We draw your attention to Note #1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Mugent + Hourser, P.C.

Montgomery, New York October 9, 2019

# WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2019

# <u>ASSETS</u>

Cash in Checking

\$ 193,050

# **FUND BALANCE**

Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	\$ 150,053
Excess of Receipts over Disbursements	 42,997
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 193,050

See notes to financial statement.

## <u>WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT</u> <u>WALLKILL, NEW YORK</u> <u>EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND</u> <u>SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS & DISBURSEMENTS - CASH BASIS</u> FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	BA	CASH BALANCE JUNE 30, 2018		ECEIPTS	DISBURSEMENTS		CASH BALANCE JUNE 30, 2019	
Class of 2017	\$	1,166	\$	0	\$	1,166	\$	0
Class of 2018		5,501		9		1,848		3,662
Class of 2019		15,990		66,772		76,700		6,062
Class of 2020		12,596		27,891		21,227		19,260
Class of 2021		6,046		11,692		4,830		12,908
Class of 2022		0		9,737		5,912		3,825
Band		1,366		51,619		44,919		8,066
Chorus		5,196		56,446		34,965		26,677
Creative Writing Club		110		499		131		478
Drama		23,481		18,482.00		13,125		28,838
Language		491		927		981		437
Leo Club		187		3,192		2,758		621
National Honor Society		363		5,742		5,432		673
S.A.D.D. /S.H.A.C.		1,985		32		400		1,617
S.G.A.		10,444		14,474		13,114		11,804
Synthesis Club		331		51		240		142
Technology Club		146		424		100		470
Varsity Club		35,511		125,106		111,405		49,212
Yearbook		12,868		17,165		29,347		686
Middle School Bank Activity Club		1,088		11,080		11,171		997
M.S. Drama Club		3,313		3,097		3,204		3,206
M.S. Student Council		6,029		23,981		25,868		4,142
M.S. Yearbook		3,965		0		0		3,965
M.S. Tech Club		231		4,119		2,595		1,755
Elementary Music Club		1,649		24,076		22,178		3,547
	\$	150,053	\$	476,613	\$	433,616	\$	193,050

See notes to financial statement.

# WALLKILL CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WALLKILL, NEW YORK EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

- (a) The transactions of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are considered part of the reporting entity of the Wallkill Central School District. We have included the Extraclassroom Activity Fund balances within the fiduciary funds of the financial statements. The separate audit report of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds is required due to the fact that the transactions of this fund are controlled by student management.
- (b) The books and records of the Wallkill Central School District's Extraclassroom Activity Funds are maintained on the cash basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures recognized when cash is disbursed.
- (c) The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are used to record the activity of all student-related activities within the District. These funds are under the control of an appointed central treasurer who maintains cash receipts and cash disbursement books. All receipts are collected by the student activity treasurer and disbursements must be approved by the student management.